

Child's Suits

We wish to call the special attention of mothers to our children's department. In suits we are showing big lines in all the new styles from \$7 to \$12.

\$2.50

Russian blouse, automobile, and
silk over-suits for children from
\$6.50 to \$12.

\$3

If you are looking for new nobby
things for children, and wish them
to be dressed well at little expense
you can not afford to buy until
you see what we have to show
you.

Men's Underwear

Men's fleece lined and derby rib
underwear 12 different styles, good
warm underwear, heavily fleeced, bought
direct from the mills thereby
saving the jobbers profit, \$3.50
Fine all wool underwear, both in
two piece and union suits, anything
that you may want from \$3
a suit to \$12.

FARMERS COLUMN

LOUISIANA rice farm for sale, 100
acres on the Mississippi River, half
a mile from good town on Southern
Photo laundry; new buildings, new land,
first class canal, and center of the
oil belt. Price \$27,500 per acre. For
terms address Wm. Briggs owner, Lake
Charles, La. 3419.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE: Es-
tate of Joseph Major, deceased.

The undersigned, having been ap-
pointed administratrix of the estate of
Joseph Major, late of the county
of Franklin and State of Ohio, deceased,
hereby gives notice that she will appear
before the county court of Marion County,
at the court house in Decatur, at the
Tobacco Room on the first Monday
in February next, at which time all per-
sons having claims against said estate
are notified and requested to attend for
the purpose of having the same adjust-
ed. All persons failing to do so and estate
are required to make individual pay-
ment to the undersigned.

Dated this 29th day of November,
1901.

MARIA A. MAJOR,
Administratrix.

WANTED carriage painting and trim-
ming, all kinds of vehicles put in first
class shape. Fine work a specialty; latest
in colors and styles. I can please you.
J. L. English, 122 North Court street.

WANTED Everybody to know that
the only place to get a square meal for
15 cents is at Mrs. restaurant, 451
North Water street, Decatur, Illinois.—
1255-56.

MASTER IN CHANCERY'S SALE—
State of Illinois, Macon county, ss.

In the circuit court.

Richard P. Johnson et al, claimants,
vs. John P. Phillips, defendant, in
chancery, No. 1832.

Public notice is hereby given, that in
pursuance of a decree of the circuit
court of Macon county, in the state of
Illinois, entered in the above entitled
cause, at the October term of said court,
A. D. 1901, James T. Finn, in the
chancery of said court, will, on Wednesday
the 12th December 1891, at the hour of
2 o'clock p.m., at the north door of
the court house of East Wood street,
in the city of Decatur in said county,
offer for sale at public vendue to the
highest and best bidder the real estate
in said property to be sold, being
described as follows, to wit:

All of lots nine, ten and one (10) in section
sixteen (16), township seventeen
(17), north, range thirty (30) east of the
3rd principal meridian, and otherwise
described as the north half (1/2) of the
southeast quarter of said section
sixteen (16), containing eighty acres, all
in the county of Macon and state of
Illinois.

Terms of sale—The land will be sold
subject to a mortgage given to secure
a note for \$1700 on the 25th day of August,
1898, payable five years after date
with interest at the rate of one per cent
per annum, and also subject to the inter-
est of 12 per cent after the 1st day of
March, 1902, and also subject to the
taxes for the year 1901.

Possession of said land will be given
on the first day of March, 1902.

Term of payment: One thousand dollars
and one hundred dollars on the first day of
January, 1901, and the balance of the
purchase money shall be paid on March
1st, 1902, and be secured by a mortgage
on the property sold. But the purchase
money may pay all cash on day of sale or on
the first day of March, 1902, if he so
desires.

Dated at Decatur, Illinois, this 18th
day of November, A. D. 1901.

JAMES T. FINN,
Master in Chancery.

J. Albert Briggs and Mills Brown,
Complainant's Solicitors.

SEMI-WEEKLY.
\$1.00 PER YEAR.

THE DECATUR HERALD.

SEMI-WEEKLY.
\$1.00 PER YEAR.

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR.

DECATUR, ILL. FRIDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1901.

NO. 61.

HOAR SUGGESTS

That Convicted Anarchists Be
Deported to Some Isolated
Spot.

PROVISIONS OF NEW TREATY

For a Canal Across the Isthmus
of Panama Was Made
Public.

Washington, Dec. 5.—Senator Mc-
Nary made an extended and care-
fully prepared speech in the senate to
convince a majority for his treaty, and
was followed by some brief remarks by
Sen. H. C. (Mack) on the difficulties
in the way of dealing with anarchist
associates. Senator McConaughy
then showed a careful examination of
all authorities. He maintained that
the U. S. had full power under the con-
vention to enact laws punishing with
death any person killing a president or
assaulting a president with intent to
kill, or aiding, inciting or procuring such
a act. He favored rigid provisions in
the navigation laws for the deportation
of anarchist. Much of the speech
was devoted to an explanation of the
various doctrines of anarchy and the
error to which these doctrines had
been propagated within recent years.

Senator Hoar's remarks were interest-
ing, according to the venerable chair-
man of the judiciary committee, which
will have much to do with framing legis-
lation on this subject.

HOAR'S VIEW.

He said the difficulty was that the as-
sociates of kings and rulers always glor-
ified their crimes and were in no wise
checked by fear of punishment. For this
reason he thought it was almost useless
to inflict punishment. The most effec-
tive remedy, he suggested, would be
to have the civilized nations agree upon

Senator McConaughy's resolution was held
over for discussion later.

The senate passed a bill extending the
life of the industrial commission until
Dec. 15 next, to complete the work it
has in hand.

Senator Penrose introduced a bill for
the regulation of immigration, which
leads to a general revision of the laws
in this question. It provides for a
list of 83 in a lead on all persons com-
ing into the United States from foreign
countries, except those who are citizens
of the country or of Canada or Mex-
ico.

The preceding officer announced the
following senators as a committee to
act with a committee from the house to
consider by what token of respect con-
gress may express its deep sensibility at
the death of the late President McKinley.

Mississippi senator, as committee to
act with a committee from the house to
consider by what token of respect con-
gress may express its deep sensibility at
the death of the late President McKinley.

At 2:30 the senate went into exec-
utive session and at 3:15 adjourned until
Monday.

Dated this 29th day of November, 1901.

MARIA A. MAJOR,
Administratrix.

WANTED carriage painting and trim-
ming, all kinds of vehicles put in first
class shape. Fine work a specialty; latest
in colors and styles. I can please you.
J. L. English, 122 North Court street.

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day of November, A. D. 1901.

JAMES T. FINN,
Master in Chancery.

J. Albert Briggs and Mills Brown,
Complainant's Solicitors.

as may result from the necessities of
the service. Vessels shall be in all re-
spects subject to the same rules as the
vessels of war of belligerents. No bel-
ligerent shall embark or disembark
troops, munitions of war or warlike ma-
terials in the canal except in case of
accidental hindrance of transit and in
such case transit shall be resumed with
all possible despatch. The provisions
of this article shall apply to the wa-
ters adjacent to the canal within three
marine miles of either end. The ves-
sels of war of belligerents shall not re-
main in such waters longer than twenty-
four hours at any one time, except in
case of distress, and in such case shall
be as soon as possible; but the ves-
sel of war of one belligerent shall not
depart within twenty-four hours from
the departure of the vessels of war of
the other belligerent. The plant, es-
tablishments, buildings and other works
necessary to the construction, maintenance
and operation of the canal shall be
deemed to be part thereof for the pur-
poses of this treaty, and in time of war,
as in time of peace, shall enjoy com-
plete immunity from attack or injury
by belligerents, and from acts calculated
to impair their fullness as part of the
canal. It is agreed that no change of
territorial sovereignty or of international
relations of the country or countries tra-
versed by the canal shall affect the gen-
eral principle of neutrality or ob-
ligations of the high contracting parties
under the present treaty.

Richmond, Va., Dec. 5.—Surprised at
his home by five neighbors who wanted to
entice him for alleged offensive remarks
made to a cousin of one of the attach-
ing party, Herbert Marks, 19 years old,
whose family is of New York stock,
but who makes his home near Colonial
Beach, Westmoreland county, Virginia,
killed four men and wounded a fifth,
who is missing and may be dead in the
wood near by.

The dead are:

WILLIAM TAYLOR, 21 years old,
an oyster dealer.

WILLIAM HIRFLIN, son of the sher-
iff of King George county.

JAMES Q. STIFF, travelling sales-
man.

GEORGE THOMPSON, wheelwright.

Henry Douglass, an oysterman, the
missing man.

Marks took Miss Rosa Taylor of Oak
Grove to church. It was necessary for
him to drive several miles with the
young woman in a buggy. They were un-
accompanied and when Miss Taylor re-
turned home she complained to her cousin,
William Taylor, that Marks had made
offensive remarks to her.

Marks, who is the only son of a wid-
owed mother, after leaving Miss Taylor,
at her home, drove back to his farm,
some three and a half miles distant.

WENT TO CHASTISE MARKS.

When Miss Taylor's cousin heard of
Marks' alleged conduct, he, with four
friends, decided to entice him. The
party on horseback, armed with guns
and carrying two blackjacks, started for
the Marks farm about 8 o'clock in the
evening. They rode slowly and arrived
at Marks' house at 9 o'clock. They tied
their horses in the woods near the house and surrounded
it so that he could not escape.

Young Marks was sitting alone in a
room, reading, when he was started
by the breaking of the window. He took
a pistol that was lying on a desk nearby
and fired. The bullet struck William
Hirflin, son of the sheriff of King county,
in the abdomen, wounding him so
seriously that he died a few hours later.

While Hirflin was making his attack
at the window, James Q. Stiff went to
a door leading into the room in which
Marks was sitting. After Marks fired
the first shot Stiff placed his shoulder
against the door and broke it in. The
impetus was so great that he fell into
the room. Before he could retreat
Marks fired at him.

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The bullet struck Stiff in the neck,
paralyzing him from his neck down. He
fell bleeding and helpless.

Marks did not know why the attack
had been made upon him and ran out
of the house, he started for a neighbor's
to summon help.

He ran through the pear orchard,
near the house, and as he ran he saw
young Taylor rise from the bushes and
weeds growing in the orchard. Taylor
pointed a Winchester rifle at Marks.

COUSIN SHOT THROUGH HEART.

Marks cried to him not to shoot.

Taylor fired one shot at Marks and missed

him. The next instant Marks fired at
him and he fell dead, shot through the
heart.

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COUSIN SHOT THROUGH HEART.

TORIA

ways Bought, and which has been
years, has borne the signature of
and has been made under his per-
sonal supervision since its infancy.
Allow no one to deceive you in this,
and "Just-as-good" are but
with and endanger the health of
Experience against Experiment.

CASTORIA

substitute for Castor Oil. Pare-
thing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It
Morphine nor other Narcotic
its guarantee. It destroys Worms
It cures Diarrhea and Wind-
thing Troubles, cures Concupis-
culation the Food, regulates the
giving healthy and natural sleep.
—The Mother's Friend.

STORIA ALWAYS

the Signature of

H. Fletcher
Have Always Bought
or Over 30 Years.

BEST TEETH
\$8.00

Extracting Free.

When teeth are ordered.

14 hours, the very first. \$10.00
24 hours, \$12.00 hand carved. \$15.00
Full set teeth. \$40.00 and up
Gold fillings. \$15.00 and up
Crown fillings. \$20.00 and up
Teeth cleaned and polished. \$10.00 and up
Teeth repaired. \$10.00 and up
Treated teeth within train. \$10.00

All work guaranteed.

DR. F. A. WARNEs.
153 N. Water.PAY WHEN CURED
DRS. ARTHUR & NEFF,

The Chicago Specialists.

As the tall, wavy hair parlors every
where, the result of the result is free, con-
sidered and invited. The next date
is the 17th.

DECATUR HERALD.

222 E. Main St., Decatur, Ill.

Published By

THE HERALD-DESPATCH CO.

The Herald-Despatch.

Established October 6, 1880.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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TELEGRAPH NUMBERS.	
New-Business Office.	20
New-Editorial Room.	22
Old-Business Office.	43
Old-Editorial Room (two rings).	43

Entered at the postoffice in Decatur, Ill., as second class matter. Address communications to THE HERALD, Decatur, Ill.

Carrie Nation, now calls her husband a hypocrite but for what reason is not stated. She perhaps expected him to resume his maiden name.

Kansas this year produced 61,000,000 bushels of wheat, worth at present prices \$51,000,000. The corn crop is worth \$22,000,000. No wonder Kansas people believe in the way the republican party is handling things.

It is announced that the negotiations for the purchase of the Danish West India Islands have been concluded and the United States will come in possession of them at a price between four and five million dollars. Thus Uncle Sam is preparing to defend the Isthmian canal.

When the Spanish-American war was in progress European nations sent representatives to the American army to see how shepherds could fight and they learned something about war when we became an intelligent army. The same nations are now sending agents to the United States to learn something about shepherding and as in the case of war they will learn something if they keep their eyes on the procession.

NEW IMMORTALITY THEORY.

Rev. Columbus Bradford of Okawville has advanced a new theory of immortality which has attracted considerable attention. His theories are set forth in a book and in addresses. Recently he was called to address the ministers of St. Louis on his views. Many argued, attested immortality by the good which he did to others; in my sense he was not saved till he "quit doing." By doing most good to others he did the most for his own advancement until at last he should veritably conquer death. A few of Mr. Bradford's sentences show the drift of his thought. "A place that is good enough for God's creatures to live in is good enough for them to live a second time, a third time, or a thousand times, if so many times are needed to exhaust the possibilities of this place for human development. An individual lives again after death by being born again and he is born again by virtue of having during his life maintained sympathetic connection with his race. By deeds of kindness and mercy to his fellows, even on a small scale, he maintains this sympathetic connection and comes under the operation of a law which draws the soul of the dead man into the warm life currents of the living race and so assures his being born again." "The utterly selfish will be left forever in a hellish condition in 'outer darkness' and he forever lost." "By the law of sympathetic connections is one judged as to whether or he will ever be born again. If he has visited the sick and otherwise helped the needy he is drawn back and lives again and this will go on until becomes spiritual enough to be above dying." "This great redemption from death is to come through a purification of our common hereditary stream. Hence the importance given in the bible to a scheme of blood salvation."

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

Probably in many years the people have not awaited with the same interest the message of a president that they have awaited the message of President Roosevelt. The country was anxious to hear the first inaugural message of President Lincoln because the country was confronting at the time great crisis. The country also awaited with much anxiety his annual message to congress. After that it was well known about what he would say because the policy of the administration was well defined. This was true of all the republican presidents who followed him. There was some curiosity as to Cleveland's first inaugural and his first message to congress. There was no great public interest in the probable declarations in the first messages of Harrison or McKinley. They were both tried noble men and the public was familiar with their views on almost all public questions. The probability of war with Spain at the beginning of McKinley's administration in some degree was an exception in his case.

Coming into the presidency as Roosevelt did through the death of President McKinley, who was perhaps the most popular president the country ever had, and who had the confidence of the whole country to an extent never before enjoyed by a president, except, perhaps, Washington, during his first term, he was placed in an unavoidable position. While Roosevelt declared he would carry out the policies of McKinley those familiar with public affairs knew that this could apply to but few things, such as the policy touching our new possessions and the economic policies. McKinley had not, because no matter how much he may have desired, to be could not formulate policies as to many new questions likely to arise during the term for which he was elected. Therefore there was no little anxiety in the country as to what President Roosevelt, who in the nature of his succeeding to the office, had

not the benefit of an inauguration, would say to congress and how he would say it.

While the country has confidence in the honesty and ability of President Roosevelt it was not certain as to how he might treat public questions in his message. In some quarters there was hope and a faint degree of expectation that in some way he might antagonize his party, while in other quarters there was a suspicion that he might overstep the bounds of neutrality and set things to whirling and buzzing and produce a state of virtue in the more staid elements of our great constituency. But none of these things have happened.

The president has demonstrated to the people and to the world that he has a grasp on the situation; that he is a statesman fully equipped to meet all the intricate problems of government and dispose of them in the most possible manner; that he knows how to put his opinions and his advice before the country so that the least may understand him, the first message is destined to rank among the best state papers ever given to the country.

The style of the message is quite different from the usual. It is written in common words and sentences, easily understood which is to the credit of his strong American character for going straight for the mark and hitting it in such a manner as to leave no room for controversy as to the meaning. On the great republican principle of protection he is as sound as his predecessor. He favors among other things building up of our merchant marine by practical and substantial methods of encouragement; legislation for the suppression of piracy; the preservation of our forests; the regulation and suppression of trusts by governmental supervision; Chinese exclusion; holding the Philippines; upbuilding of the navy; extension of civil service; the Isthmian canal and declares the Monroe doctrine should be the feature of the foreign policy of the American nation.

In drafting the message the president sets a new precedent. Instead of dating it the executive mansion he uses the name White house.

DEATH OF MRS. I. S. PROVOST

Was the Mother of Mayor Charles P. Shilling—III for a Long Time.

Mayor Charles P. Shilling left for Grand Rapids, Mich., Tuesday afternoon in answer to a message announcing the death of his mother, Mrs. I. S. Provost. She was 103 years old and her death was due to cancer of the stomach. The deceased has been ill for a long time. Sunday morning Mayor Shilling and family were at their home in Grand Rapids when his brother called his mother, having just called the doctor. When he left Grand Rapids the physician attending said that it was likely that the sick woman might live for a month. While realizing that his mother was critically ill, the telegram announcing her death was none the less a shock to him. The deceased is survived by her husband, I. S. Provost, her only son, Charles P. Shilling, of Decatur, and the latter's wife, Mrs. A. P. Walker.

Charles P. Shilling, it is known, did not know, when he left Decatur, what funeral arrangements had been made. He said that it was possible that the interment would be at his old home in Goshen, Ind., where his father was buried.

Mrs. Shilling was not able to accompany her husband on account of her illness.

One Candidate.

So far as known there is only one applicant for the position of steward at the poor farm. The board of supervisors at their meeting next week will select a steward for the coming year. W. J. Kirkman, who had held that position for 10 years, will seek to succeed himself. One member speaks about the position holding it in a desirable place. A number of persons fancy that they would like to have it because it pays fairly well. But it is a place that tries one's nerves and patience. With all due respect to the men who have held that position I believe that there was a time when there was more to be gained in the service of the poor than in the county house, but that is not so now. It is known that Kirkman seems to have sufficient funds to live on and this will go on until becomes spiritual enough to be above dying."

"This great redemption from death is to come through a purification of our common hereditary stream. Hence the importance given in the bible to a scheme of blood salvation."

To Rico Lands.

The following persons left Tuesday for Louisville under the auspices of H. C. Middiff & Co., over the Wabash and Cotton Belt; F. J. Gray, Henry Dixie, Elwood Boone, J. P. Trimble, Ben Freeman, Bob Hughes, by the Illinois Central; Joseph Shively, John Whangren, William Bacon and wife, Frank Smith, John Soren, G. W. Trimble and Albert Scott.

Aaron Shute sent the following over the Wabash and Santa Fe; H. P. Gough, C. D. Evans, A. H. Davis, W. H. Hiltz and Al Hawley and Mrs. Blanche Parker of Bethany, Charles McCallister of Atwood.

Suburbans.

Mrs. M. Foreman, G. W. Snyder and H. J. Dawson of Belmont, Mrs. N. Fisher of Cerro Gordo, Miss Kosier of Blue Mountain, B. L. Curtis of Bond, R. M. Hamilton of Harringtonton, Miss. Franklin of Monegouah, Rev. J. H. Waterbury of Monticello, Miss. Bertha Wheeler of Bethany and Mrs. W. E. Null of Niantic were visitors to Decatur Tuesday.

Next Tuesday.

The regular December meeting of the board of supervisors will be held next Tuesday. The board will have a considerable amount of important business to consider. The county officers will make their semi-annual reports and the board will select the grand jury for the January term of court.

His Maiden Effort.

Attorney M. C. Griffin appeared before the appellate court yesterday and made his maiden speech. Mr. Griffin is at home anywhere as a speaker and he acquitted himself creditably in this instance.

LADIES CAN WEAR SHOES

One size smaller after using Aileen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. It makes tight or new shoes feel easy; gives instant relief to corns and bunions. The greatest comfort discoverer of the age. Cure and prevent blisters, blisters, callous and sore spots. Aileen's Foot-Ease is a certain cure for sweating, hot, aching feet. At all drugst and shoe stores. 25c. Trial package FREE by mail. Address, Aileen's Limited, Le Roy, N. Y.

CLEAR, CONCISE MESSAGE

[Continued from Page Three.]

two Americans, as it is of the United States. Just seventy-eight years have passed since President Lincoln issued the Emancipation Message, announcing that "The American continents are henceforth not to be considered as subjects for future colonization by any European power."

In other words the Monroe Doctrine is a declaration that there must be no territorial aggrandizement by any non-American power on American soil.

The president has demonstrated to the people and to the world that he has a grasp on the situation; that he is a statesman fully equipped to meet all the intricate problems of government and dispose of them in the most possible manner; that he knows how to put his opinions and his advice before the country so that the least may understand him, the first message is destined to rank among the best state papers ever given to the country.

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Mrs. Shilling was not able to accompany her husband on account of her illness.

One Candidate.

So far as known there is only one applicant for the position of steward at the poor farm. The board of supervisors at their meeting next week will select a steward for the coming year. W. J. Kirkman, who had held that position for 10 years, will seek to succeed himself.

One member speaks about the position holding it in a desirable place.

A number of persons fancy that they would like to have it because it pays fairly well. But it is a place that tries one's nerves and patience.

With all due respect to the men who have held that position I believe that there was a time when there was more to be gained in the service of the poor than in the county house, but that is not so now.

It is known that Kirkman seems to have sufficient funds to live on and this will go on until becomes spiritual enough to be above dying."

"This great redemption from death is to come through a purification of our common hereditary stream. Hence the importance given in the bible to a scheme of blood salvation."

To Rico Lands.

The following persons left Tuesday for Louisville under the auspices of H. C. Middiff & Co., over the Wabash and Cotton Belt; F. J. Gray, Henry Dixie, Elwood Boone, J. P. Trimble, Ben Freeman, Bob Hughes, by the Illinois Central; Joseph Shively, John Whangren, William Bacon and wife, Frank Smith, John Soren, G. W. Trimble and Albert Scott.

Aaron Shute sent the following over the Wabash and Santa Fe; H. P. Gough, C. D. Evans, A. H. Davis, W. H. Hiltz and Al Hawley and Mrs. Blanche Parker of Bethany, Charles McCallister of Atwood.

Suburbans.

Mrs. M. Foreman, G. W. Snyder and H. J. Dawson of Belmont, Mrs. N. Fisher of Cerro Gordo, Miss Kosier of Blue Mountain, B. L. Curtis of Bond, R. M. Hamilton of Harringtonton, Miss. Franklin of Monegouah, Rev. J. H. Waterbury of Monticello, Miss. Bertha Wheeler of Bethany and Mrs. W. E. Null of Niantic were visitors to Decatur Tuesday.

Next Tuesday.

The regular December meeting of the board of supervisors will be held next Tuesday. The board will have a considerable amount of important business to consider. The county officers will make their semi-annual reports and the board will select the grand jury for the January term of court.

His Maiden Effort.

Attorney M. C. Griffin appeared before the appellate court yesterday and made his maiden speech. Mr. Griffin is at home anywhere as a speaker and he acquitted himself creditably in this instance.

LADIES CAN WEAR SHOES

One size smaller after using Aileen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. It makes tight or new shoes feel easy; gives instant relief to corns and bunions. The greatest comfort discoverer of the age. Cure and prevent blisters, blisters, callous and sore spots. Aileen's Foot-Ease is a certain cure for sweating, hot, aching feet. At all drugst and shoe stores. 25c. Trial package FREE by mail. Address, Aileen's Limited, Le Roy, N. Y.

demand made upon them to sustain the interests of the Nation and the honor of the flag. The individual American enlisted man is probably the whole a more formidable fighting man than the regular of any other army. Every consideration should be given to the highest standard of usefulness should have been exacted from him. It is well worth while for the Congress to consider whether the pay of enlisted men upon second and subsequent enlistments should not be increased to correspond with the increased value of the veteran soldier.

Action should be taken in reference to THE MILITIA

and to the raising of volunteer forces. Our militia law is obsolete and worthless. The organization and armament of the National Guard of the several States, which are treated as militia in the appropriations by the Congress, are more identical with the militia of the United States than with the militia of the several States.

During the past century other influences have established the permanence and independence of the smaller states of Europe. Through the Monroe Doctrine we hope to be able to safeguard the independence of the Americas.

The universal peace of the world by securing the peace of the Americas.

The Army is the most important force in the world.

The Navy is the most important force in the world.

The Isthmian Canal is the most important force in the world.

The Philippines is the most important force in the world.

The Monroe doctrine is the most important force in the world.

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THE CALL ON THE CHIEF AGAINST SCHLEY RAILROAD NEWS CALLED TWICE

The
Committee of Preachers and
J. S. Starr Discuss Situation
With Sullivan.

ATTORNEY FINN WAS THERE AT FAULT ON FIVE POINTS

Action of the Court is Unfavorable According to New York Special

Keeping Station Buildings Clean Was One of Supt. Ben McKeon's Hobbies

Fire Department Kept Busy For a Time Last Evening

ALTON CONDUCTORS LET OUT LITTLE BLAZE AT ST. NICK

New York, Dec. 5.—A special to the Press from Washington says: "Dear Admiral Schley has been found at fault on five counts by the court of Inquiry. This comes from a person who is in a position to learn the opinion of the three admirals on the different speculations or the precept. It is understood, however, that the court finds against Schley. First—Delay of the flying squadron.

Second—Misrepresentation of reasons for returning to Key West to coal.

Third—Disobedience of orders in making a retrograde movement.

Fourth—Failure to destroy the Colon.

Fifth—Conduct unbecoming an officer and gentleman in Schley-Hodgson controversy."

It is impossible for the Associated Press to confirm the report of the Press statements in regard to the finding of the Schley court tonight.

Corn Judging Course Ended

The nine weeks' special corn judging course conducted by Mr. A. D. Shoum, at the Illinois College of Agriculture, has been finished, and the seventy-six students have taken the examination conducted by Mr. E. E. Chester of Champaign and Mr. W. H. Stevenson of Jacksonville, representing the Illinois Corn Growers' association. In the examination every body had to judge a sample of each of the seven recognized articles, besides Pease of the North and two general samples, making ten samples in all. Nine students were given to each sample and the student had to name the variety, write down its standard, judge the different points and add up the score.

It was an independent work of the student, without the help of book or note book and this is the first time such an examination was ever given. The only part of the work they did not have to perform themselves was in finding the best content of corn to cob, this was given to them.

HUNTERS RETURN

The Illinois Central men, who were hunting in Mississippi, have returned home. They were absent about two weeks and killed six deer. R. J. McKeon, superintendent of the bridge department on the Springfield division, has two deer to his credit. He says that he was never in the woods when there were so many deer. One of the hunters shot a deer through and through and the animal ran so far into the canebrake that he could not find it before nightfall. The next morning he took the trail and found the carcass, which had been badly torn by wolves. He managed to save the head, that of a split buck. Engineer T. Hinchcliff, who was a member of the party, has resumed his run between Clinton and Centralia.

THE NEXT

J. D. & W. territory is to be invaded to supply material for the next Indians' excursion. The date is Dec. 14 and the route dates will be offered for cast as Atwood.

Rube Waddell was "thunderstruck" when he arrived in California and saw oranges growing on trees. Rube had no idea what he was talking about and Mr. Starr is reported to have stated that he had asked Patolemon John Williamson to make arrest and that the officer had answered that it would cost him his job if he did. Other Williamson, when asked, asked last night of the statement he made, and that he had never given such an answer to Mr. Starr or to any one else.

In the end the committee asked the chief to do what he could to stop the public gambling in Decatur.

Losing Flesh

indicates insufficient nourishment. It leads to nervousness, sleeplessness, general debility, and predisposes to Consumption and other prevailing diseases. To guard against these take

Scott's Emulsion. The Standard remedy for all wasting diseases in young or old. It improves digestion, gives flesh, strength, vigor and resistive power.

See and Learn, all druggists.
SCOTT & SOWNE, Chemists, New York.

Christmas Football.

Lester Davidson is the head of a crowd of young men who are making arrangements for a game of football here on Christmas day. It is proposed to challenge the Brown's Business college team and if they do not accept several other teams are in sight.

Osteopath Wins.

Colombus, Ohio, Dec. 5.—In the case of Henry H. Gravett of Darke county, an osteopath, tried for alleged violation of the state medical laws, the supreme court decides the law unconstitutional in that it discriminates against osteopaths.

PIPER-HARTMAN.

Orlando Piper and Lizzie Hartman, both of Assumption, were married on Thursday afternoon in the county court house. Judge W. L. Hammer performed the ceremony.

ROBERT F. IRVING

Little Son of Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Irving Dies Scarlet Fever and Group.

Robert Charles Irving, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Irving, aged 5 years, died at the family residence last night, after a short illness of scarlet fever and croup. His death was a severe shock to his parents. He was an unusually bright and interesting child. The time of the funeral will be announced later.

Funeral of John G. Wittig.

The funeral of John G. Wittig was held Thursday morning at 9 o'clock from St. James' church. Rev. Father Tepper officiated and the interment was at Calvary cemetery.

Not His Fault

"Do you realize," said the economist, "that there is a heavy surplus in the United States treasury?" "Well," said Senator Borgham, "it ain't my fault."—Washington Star.

FARMERS COLUMN

FOR SALE—A 100-acre marble farm in Fayette county, Illinois, 3 miles north west of Vera, will be given away for \$15 per acre. Don't wait to write, but come at once and get this bargain. R. C. Doyle, Vandalia, Ill.—6-w-w.

RICHER than the Klondike! More wonderful than the silver mines of the Rocky mountains or the diamonds field of South Africa! What? The rich mine of south Texas? The miners made fortunes, why not you? The business is only in the hands of the miners. Some of the best rice lands in the world can be bought at \$10 to \$20 per acre, near Houston, a city of 55,000 population. An investigation will convince the most skeptical. Execution Dec. 17th, L. E. Dillatuk, 701 Millikan building, Decatur, Ill.—6-w-w.

LOUISIANA rice farms for sale—400 acres of the choicest rice land only half a mile from good town on Southern Pacific railway; new buildings, no oil well, price \$25.50 per acre. For terms address, Wm. Brierley, no. 1, Lake Charles, La.—3d-w.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE—Ed.

the estate of Joseph Mayr, deceased.

The undersigned, having been appointed

Administrator of the estate of

Joseph Mayr, late of the county of

Macon and state of Illinois, deceased,

hereby gives notice that she will appear

before the county court of Macon county,

at the court house in Decatur,

on February next, or within five days

hereinafter described, to file

and record a schedule, marked "Exhibit A,"

showing the names of the members of the

several tracts of land in the said proposed

Draughting District, together with their

present addresses, so far as the same

is known with a description of the

parts of land owned by each.

Such petitioners therefore pray that

the said Draughting Commissioners,

will proceed to enlarge the boundaries

of the said Illinois Draughting District

in the County of Macon and include in

the said Illinois Draughting District the

lands hitherto described, as desired in

the said petitioners and expressed in this

petition.

Dated this 16th day of October, A. D.

1901.

A. J. Bierbaum, Administrator.

MARIA A. MAJOR, Administratrix.

WANTED—Carriage painting and relining, all kinds of vehicles, and in first

class shape. This work is specialty.

In all cases, I can please you.

J. L. English, 122 North Church street,

Decatur, Ill.—2d-w-w.

WANTED—To know that the

only place to get a square meal for

the only place to be at Myers' restaurant, 151

North Water street, Decatur, Illinois.—

2d-w-w.

MASTER IN CHANCERY'S SALE—

State of Illinois, Macon county, ss.

In the circuit court

Richard J. Dickinson et al, complainants,

vs John P. Dilling, defendant.

In chancery No. 1862.

Public notice is hereby given that in

the circuit court of Macon county,

the state of Illinois, in the above entitled

cause, on the 10th day of October, 1901,

James J. Flinn, master in chancery,

of the circuit court of Macon county,

on the 10th day of October, 1901, at the hour of

2 o'clock p.m., at the north end of

the court house, in said county,

offices of sale at public vendue to the

highest and best bidder the real estate

so far as may be sold, being

described as follows, to wit:

All of lots nine and ten (10) in section

sixteen (16), township 18, north

range three (3) east of the

third principal meridian, and otherwise

described as the north half (½) of

the northeast quarter of said section

sixteen (16), containing eighty acres, all

in the county of Macon and state of

Illinois.

Terms of sale.—The gas pipe was a little

peculiar. The gas pipe of the light fixture,

which is a combination one, is attached

to the main by a bolted joint, made tight by a gasket. The electric wires

which were supposed to be perfectly insulated

passed down the gas pipe inside

the ornamental brass tube. The insulation

became worn or was imperfect and

allowed the current to pass to the gas pipe, which became hot enough to burn

the gasket. This allowed the gas to escape and it was ignited by the electricity and set fire to the ceiling.

FOR AN OLD MAN

He Is Still Fairly Active and Is a Man of

Many of

His Friends Are Still Fairly Active and Is a Man of

Many of

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